Summary of 2026 field work carried out under Wildlife Research Permit WL501238 – "Boreal Caribou and Wolf Monitoring Program for the Tłı̨chǫ All-Season Road Project 2024-27"

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This report provides a brief summary of field work conducted between January 1 – March 31, 2026, under Wildlife Research Permit WL501238 (active from January 31, 2024 to February 28, 2027) submitted by Allicia Kelly. The report focuses on the results of boreal caribou collar deployments and composition surveys for the Tłı̨chǫ All-Season Road (TASR; now referred to as the Tłı̨chǫ Highway) study area (see Figure 1); however, the WRP also covers the deployment of a small number (up to 3 per year) boreal caribou collars in the North Slave administrative region portion of the Mackenzie boreal caribou study area. The boreal caribou monitoring program in the Mackenzie study area is managed by the ECC South Slave region office. Reports summarizing results of boreal caribou collar deployments and composition surveys for the Mackenzie study area are produced by the South Slave region and are not included here. No further GPS collars were deployed on wolves in 2026 under WRP WL501238.

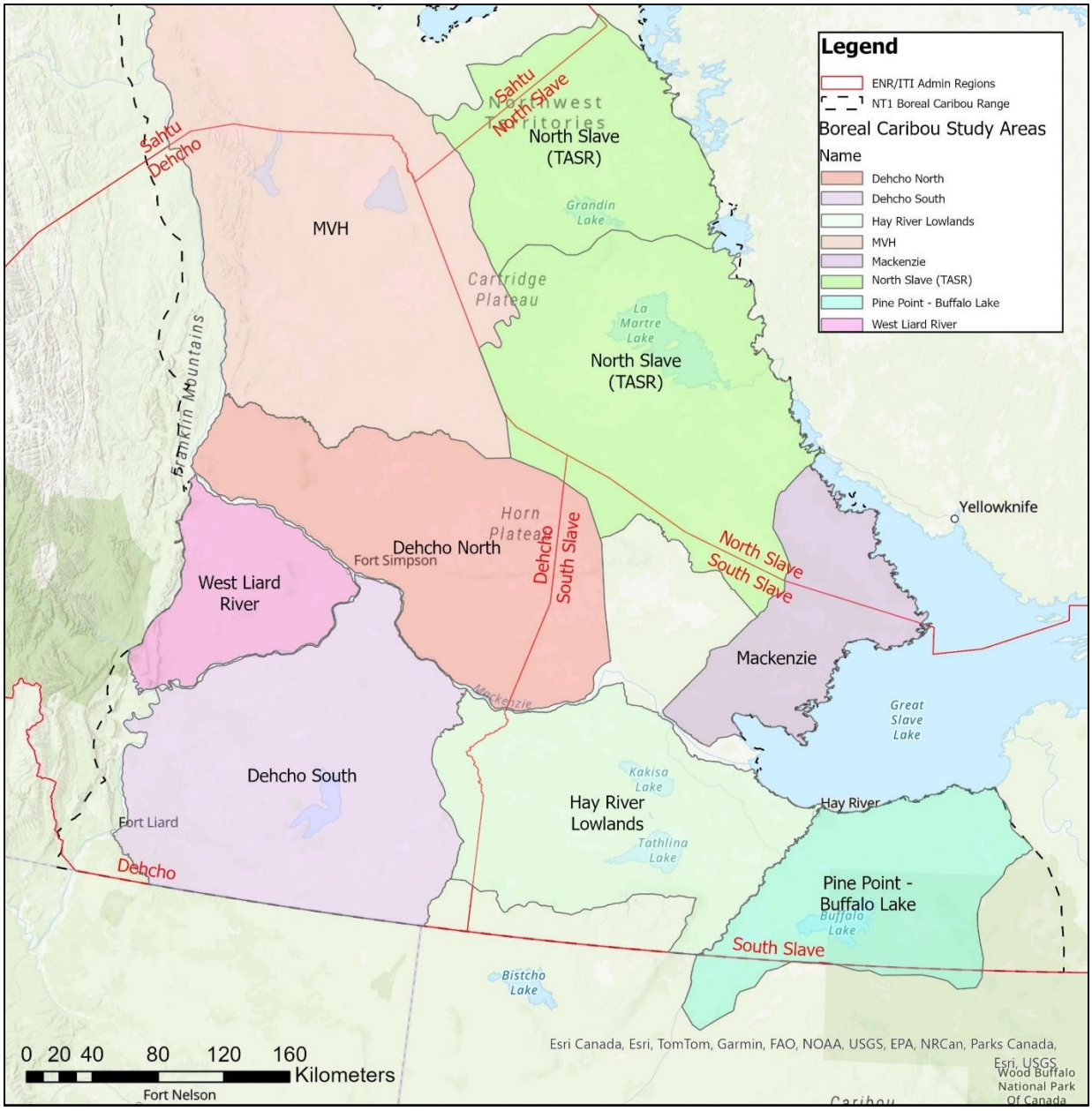

Figure 1. Current NWT boreal caribou monitoring study areas.

Boreal Caribou Collar Deployments

Information obtained from boreal caribou collar deployments is used to monitor their seasonally preferred habitats, population trends, and their response to human disturbance. Collars provide information on location, habitat use, movements and cow survival which is used with the ratio of calves to total females to estimate the annual population trend.

ECC deployed 10 GPS collars on female boreal caribou in the North Slave Region, Tłı̨chǫ All-Season Road (TASR) study area. These collars were deployed between February 24-28, 2026. Five collars were deployed near Lac La Martre, and the remaining collars were deployed around the Tłı̨chǫ Highway (Figure 2). Three collars were also deployed in the northern portion of the Mackenzie study area. These deployments are reported on by the South Slave regional office and will not be addressed in this document.

The 5 collars deployed around Lac La Martre are Telonics model TGW-4677-4 GPS Iridium collars, weigh ~1100 grams, and are programmed with a geofence 10km on either side of the Tłı̨chǫ Highway and Highway 3. The collars are programmed to collect a location every four hours outside the geofence and every one hour inside the geofenced area, and are scheduled to release 4.5 years after deployment.

The 5 collars deployed around the Tłı̨chǫ Highway/Highway 3 are Telonics model TGW-4670-5 GPS Iridium collars, weigh ~1100 grams, and are programmed to collect a location every hour, and are scheduled to release 4.5 years after deployment. These five collars also have an audio logger attached to them which are scheduled to activate on May 1, 2026 and release after 2 months. From May 1 – July 7, 2026, these collars are programmed to provide location data every 15 minutes.

The helicopter capture crew consisted of 4 people: Sean Headland as helicopter pilot (Great Slave Helicopters), Brett Hodges as net gunner (Trinity Tactical Consulting Ltd.), Stefan Goodman as handler (GNWT-ECC), and John Cook as the nutritional ecologist taking body condition measurements (National Council for Air and Stream Improvement). An A-Star B2 helicopter (C-GFHN; Great Slave Helicopters) was used with a sliding door and skids to enable caribou capture.

All boreal caribou were captured with a net-gun fired from a helicopter using methods approved by the NWT Wildlife Care Committee (approvals NWTWCC 2025-012). Each animal was initially examined to assess its condition and to check for any capture-related injuries. All collars were fitted snugly around the neck, allowing for an open-palmed hand to move freely between the neck and the collar material. Samples collected from each animal included approximately 30 mL of blood (from the cephalic vein in the foreleg), approximately 50 g of feces (either from the ground after defecation, or from the rectum), 500mg to 1g of hair (with roots; taken from the rump), and a Covid nasal swab. A portable ultrasound was used to measure rump fat layer and loin muscle/fat thickness.

The following was also recorded for each capture event: body temperature, age class based on tooth wear, struggle index, body condition score, presence of besnoitia, winter tick related hair loss, capture location, chase and handling times, presence of a calf, lactation status, chest girth, average snow depths and snow condition, and pertinent information pertaining to observations of the health (signs of disease, previous injury, etc.) or welfare of other members of the herd from which the caribou is captured. No immobilization drugs were used during the capture program.

Blood collected will be analyzed for genetic microsatellites and serum is used to investigate stress and general health. Fecal matter will be analyzed for parasites. Pregnancy rates will be determined from blood serum from collared cows. Three caribou were found with ticks, and four caribou showed hair loss

associated with winter tick (including the three that had ticks present). A fifth caribou had very mild hair loss, not thought to be associated with winter tick, but possibly tree rubbing.

Chase times ranged from between 11 seconds to 56 seconds, with an average of 32 seconds. Handling times for animals collared in the TASR study area ranged between 13 minutes and 33 seconds to 20 minutes and 35 seconds, with an average of 16 minutes and 2 seconds. Ambient temperatures ranged between -18°C and -21°C with an average of -19°C. No capture-related injuries or mortalities occurred during collar deployments.

Collared animals were monitored daily for the first month after deployment to detect if a collar became stationary. No animals died within a month of capture. All the animals collared in 2026 are still alive as of March 31, 2026. At the start of January 2026 there were 24 collared adult female caribou in the North Slave Region study area, and as of March 31, 2026, there were 34 collared adult females in this area.

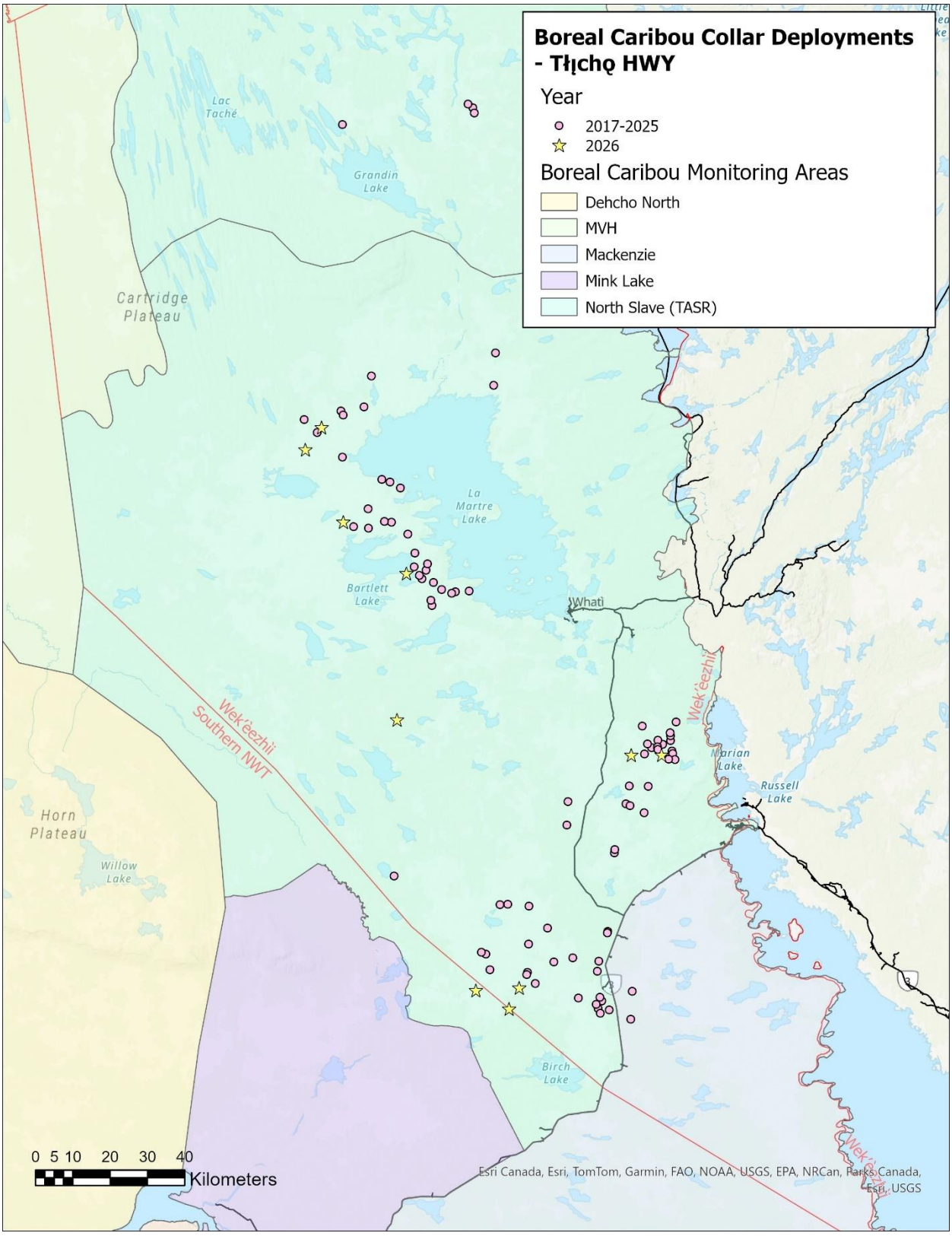

Figure 2. Boreal caribou collars deployed in the North Slave (TASR) study area from 2017-2026. Collars deployed in 2026 are displayed as yellow stars.

Collar Releases, Retrievals and Mortality (Fate) Investigations

From January 1 – March 31, 2026, no collars have been retrieved or were prematurely released. The next set of collars that are scheduled to be released are from the 2022 deployment. Of the 10 females that were collared in February 2022, six are still alive as of April 1, 2026, the other four have been previously reported on. The remaining collars from 2022's deployment are scheduled to drop on September 15, 2026.

From January 1 – March 31, 2026, no collared boreal caribou have died.

Boreal Caribou Composition Survey

Boreal caribou composition surveys are conducted to classify caribou into age and sex classes and count the number of calves per 100 cows observed. Because caribou mortality is highest during the first year of life, calves that survive until the time of survey (when calves are approximately 10 months old) are assumed to be "recruited" into the adult population with an associated higher survival rate. The ratio of calves to total females is used together with the adult female survival to estimate the annual population trend.

For this survey, a helicopter is used to locate and classify observed caribou into cows, bulls, yearlings, and calves. The survey is planned by using the last known location of collared females present in the study area. Once the helicopter is within ~5 km of each location, radio telemetry is used to locate the group with the collared female. Additional groups of caribou that are encountered but do not contain a collared female are also classified. Boreal caribou were classified into calves (9-10 months old), yearlings (21-22 months old), females (≥ 32 months old) and males (≥ 32 months old), based upon antler size and shape, animal size, and presence of a black vulva patch. The survey crew also assesses and records whether the collared cow has a calf-at-heel (that is assumed to be her 9-month-old calf, i.e. a calf that follows closely at heel and remains or rejoins with that cow given the opportunity to regroup and/or rejoin within a small group of caribou.)

Composition surveys were flown on March 2-7, 2026 (Figure 3) for the TASR and Mackenzie study areas. Weather for the surveys ranged from clear and sunny to cloudy with ice fog, and temperatures averaged around -31.8°C. An A-Star B-2 helicopter was used to conduct the surveys. The survey crew consisted of Ciarán Nolan as helicopter pilot (C-GNGK; Great Slave Helicopters), Amanda Weltman as navigator/telemetry operator from March 2-3, then classifier from March 4-7 (GNWT-ECC), James Hodson as classifier from March 2-3, then navigator/telemetry operator from March 4-7 (GNWT-ECC), and Stefan Goodman as classifier (GNWT-ECC; March 4). Co-management partners from Tłı̨chǫ Government (TG), Yellowknives Dene First Nation (YKDFN) and North Slave Métis Alliance (NSMA) were invited to participate in the classification survey as wildlife spotters. Brian Tobie from YKDFN joined the crew on March 2, Wayne Mercredi from NSMA joined on March 3, and Peter Nitsiza from TG joined on March 6.

Within the TASR study area (Figure 1), a total of 77 bulls, 160 cows, 2 yearlings, 32 calves and 9 individuals of unknown sex were observed in 60 groups on the survey, for a total of 280 boreal caribou

classified (Table 2). Group sizes of boreal caribou varied between 1 and 13 individuals. Individuals of unknown sex and yearlings were split 50/50 amongst adult males/females to calculate calf:cow ratios. The calf:cow ratio was 0.19 (19 calves per 100 cows). The calf:cow ratio, along with adult female survival rates for the 2025-26 year were used to calculate the annual finite population growth rate (lambda, ʎ) which is shown in Table 1. A lambda value of 1.0 indicates a stable population; a value of less than 1 indicates a declining growth rate; values higher than 1 indicate an increasing growth rate.

Table 1. Adult female survival and calf:cow ratios, which are used together to estimate the annual population growth rate (lambda, ʎ) of boreal caribou within the TASR study area from 2017-2026.

Year (April 1 – March 31)	Adult Female Survival	Calf:cow Ratio	Population Trend (lambda [λ])
2017-18	0.95	32.6 : 100	1.10
2018-19	1.00	37.2 : 100	1.19
2019-20	0.97	26.2 : 100	1.09
2020-21	0.96	30.9 : 100	1.11
2021-22	0.89	27.3 : 100	1.01
2022-23	0.92	33.1 : 100	1.07
2023-24	0.92	34.2 : 100	1.07
2024-25	0.91	23.7 : 100	1.01
2025-26	0.89	19.4 : 100	0.98

Within the Mackenzie study area, 240 boreal caribou in 47 groups were classified. A total of 171 cows, 41 bulls, 1 yearlings and 12 calves were counted (Table 2). Group sizes of boreal caribou varied between 1 and 15 individuals. These classification results will be added to the South Slave region's results to calculate calf:cow ratios for that study area.

Incidental sightings during the classification survey included 101 bison in 19 groups, 54 moose in 33 groups and 6 wolves in one group (Table 2). Collared female moose were also relocated during flights for the TASR and Mackenzie composition surveys to determine calf-at-heel status (WRP 501134). Results from these observations have been included in Table 2, but will be reported on separately.

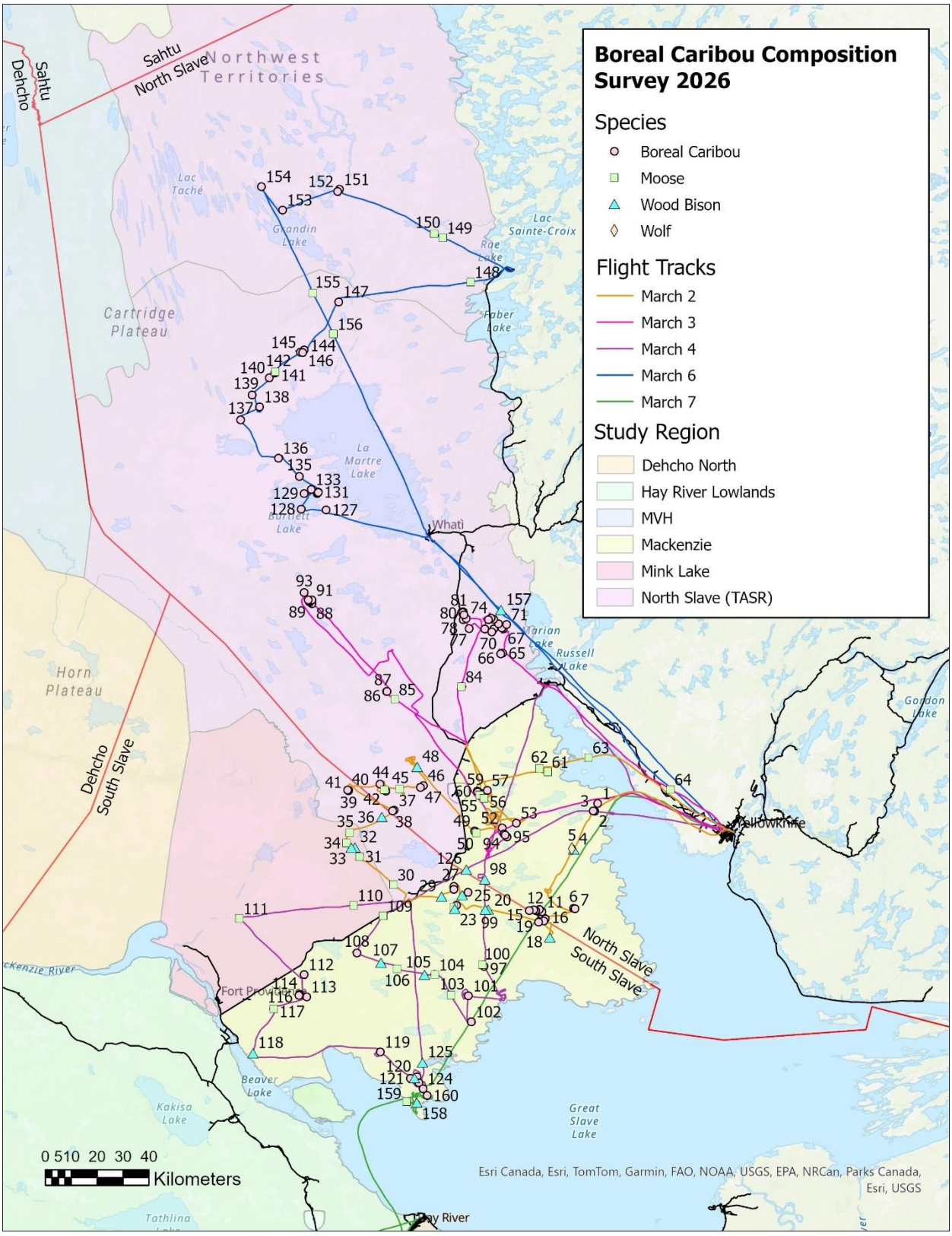

Figure 3. Location of boreal caribou groups classified during an aerial composition survey conducted on March 2-7, 2026. The composition of each of the groups classified is described in Table 2.

Table 2. Composition of boreal caribou groups and other incidental sightings classified during aerial composition surveys conducted March 2-7, 2026.

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
1	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA-WL-24-03	N
2	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026		1				1		
3	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	5				9		
4	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					29	29		
5	Mackenzie	Wolf	2-Mar-2026					6	6		
6	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	4				8		
7	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA-WL-23-12	N
8	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	7	1	1		6	15		
9	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	1	1				2		
10	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	7	1			1	9		
11	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	3					3		
12	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026		1			1	2		
13	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	10	1				11	BWCA-WL-22-24 BWCA-WL-25-10	N N
14	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA-WL-26-10	N
15	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	9	2	1			12		
16	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	1				5		
17	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	1				5	BWCA-WL-21-15	N
18	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					2	2		
19	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	1				5	BWCA-WL-26-15	N
20	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
21	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
22	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
23	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					1	1		

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
24	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	1					1	BWCA-WL-26-16	N
25	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4		2			6	BWCA-WL-25-07	Y
26	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					4	4		
27	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	3		2			5		
28	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	7					7	BWCA-WL-25-08	N
29	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					4	4		
30	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026					2	2		
31	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026	1					1	MOOS23102	N
32	North Slave (TASR)	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					3	3		
33	North Slave (TASR)	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					6	6		
34	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026					2	2		
35	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026	1					1	MOOS23107	N
36	North Slave (TASR)	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
37	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	5	1				6		
38	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	1		1		6	BWCA25601	N
39	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	5		2			7		
40	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	5	3				8		
41	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	1					1	BWCA25605	N
42	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
43	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	5	2				7	BWCA26605	N
44	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	3	2	2			7	BWCA26604	Y
45	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
46	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4		1		2	7	BWCA22601	Y
47	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4	1	2			7	BWCA26603	N
48	North Slave (TASR)	Wood Bison	2-Mar-2026					9	9		
49	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	4		1		2	7	BWCA-WL-22-25	N
50	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
51	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2				1	3	BWCA-WL-23-24	N
52	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	6	1				7		
53	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	6	1				7	BWCA-WL-25-02	N
54	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	5	1				6		
55	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					1	1		
56	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					4	4		
57	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	6					6	BWCA-WL-25-05	N
58	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2					2		
59	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	3	1				4		
60	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	2-Mar-2026	2	2				4	BWCA-WL-22-13 BWCA-WL-26-12	N N
61	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					2	2		
62	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026	1		1			2	MOOS23103	Y
63	Mackenzie	Moose	2-Mar-2026					2	2		
64	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	3-Mar-2026					2	2		
65	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3					3	BWCA24610	N
66	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026		5				5		
67	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1					1		
68	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	4					4	BWCA25602	N
69	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1		1			2	BWCA22603	Y
70	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2		2			4	BWCA26602	Y
71	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3		2			5	BWCA22604	Y
72	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	5	1	4		1	11		
73	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3	4				7		
74	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2	1			2	5	BWCA23607	N
75	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	4	1				5	BWCA23602	N
76	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1		1			2	BWCA23601	Y

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
77	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA23603	N
78	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1					1		
79	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3	1	1		1	6		
80	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026		7				7		
81	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2					2		
82	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026		1				1		
83	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	4	1				5	BWCA26601	N
84	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	3-Mar-2026	1		1			2	MOOS23105	Y
85	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	3-Mar-2026					2	2		
86	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	4					4		
87	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1					1	BWCA25604	N
88	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3	1				4		
89	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	3	1	1			5		
90	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1					1		
91	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA26610	N
92	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1		1	1		3		
93	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2	1	1			4	BWCA24601 BWCA24603	Unk Unk
94	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	11		2		1	14		
95	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	2		1		1	4		
96	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	3-Mar-2026	1					1	BWCA-WL-24-04	
97	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	5	3				8	BWCA-WL-26-11	N
98	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					2	2		
99	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
100	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026	1		1			2	MOOS23118	Y
101	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	3					3	BWCA-WL-21-12	N
102	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	2					2	BWCA-WL-26-13	N

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
103	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
104	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026	1	1	1			3	MOOS23119	Y
105	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
106	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026	1		1			2	MOOS23113	Y
107	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
108	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	1	3				4	BWCA-WL-22-08	N
109	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
110	South Slave	Moose	4-Mar-2026					2	2		
111	South Slave	Moose	4-Mar-2026	2					2	MOOS23108	N
112	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	3					3	BWCA-WL-26-19	N
113	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	2		1			3	BWCA-WL-26-17 BWCA-WL-25-06	Unk Unk
114	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	3	1				4		
115	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	1	1				2		
116	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	3					3	BWCA-WL-20-18	N
117	Mackenzie	Moose	4-Mar-2026	1		2			3	MOOS23116	Y
118	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					1	1		
119	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	4	2				6	BWCA-WL-21-11	N
120	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					2	2		
121	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	1	1			2	4		
122	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026		3				3		
123	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	2	1		1		4		
124	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	4-Mar-2026	2		1			3	BWCA-WL-22-07	Y
125	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					20	20		
126	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	4-Mar-2026					6	6		
127	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	5	1			8		
128	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	1				3	BWCA22606	N

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
129	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	5	4	1			10	BWCA26606	N
130	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	3	3				6		
131	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1	1	1			3		
132	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	5				7		
133	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1		1			2		
134	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	3				5	BWCA26607	N
135	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	3	1			6		
136	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	6	5	1			12	BWCA25603	N
137	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	5	3				8	BWCA22610	N
138	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	4					4	BWCA26608	N
139	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	5	1				6	BWCA26609	N
140	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	10	2	1			13		
141	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1					1		
142	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026	1		1			2		
143	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1					1		
144	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1	2				3		
145	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1	2				3	BWCA24609	N
146	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2					2		
147	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	2	2	1			5	BWCA24607	Y
148	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026					1	1		
149	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026					2	2		
150	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026					1	1		
151	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	3					3	BWCA23604	N
152	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1					1	BWCA24606	N
153	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	1				3	4	BWCA24604	N
154	North Slave (TASR)	Boreal Caribou	6-Mar-2026	3		3			6	BWCA23605	Y
155	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026					1	1		

Waypoint #	Study Area	Species	Date Observed	Cow	Bull	Calf	Yearling	Unknown	Total	Animal ID of collared caribou in group	Calf with collared female?
156	North Slave (TASR)	Moose	6-Mar-2026					1	1		
157	North Slave (TASR)	Wood Bison	6-Mar-2026					6	6		
158	Mackenzie	Wood Bison	7-Mar-2026					1	1		
159	Mackenzie	Moose	7-Mar-2026					2	2		
160	Mackenzie	Boreal Caribou	7-Mar-2026	11					11	BWCA-WL-25-04	N